## ADVANIGEE

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## Introduction

The Advantage Math Series for grades 3-6 offers instruction and practice for key skills in each math strand recommended by the National Council for Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM), including

- numeration and number theory
- operations
- geometry
- measurement
- patterns, functions, and algebra
- data analysis and probability
- problem solving

Take a look at all the advantages this math series offers . . .

## Strong Skill Instruction

- The teaching component at the top of the activity pages provides the support students need to work through the book independently.
- Plenty of skill practice pages will ensure students master essential math computation skills they need to increase their math fluency.
- A problem-solving strand is woven within skill practice pages to offer students an opportunity to practice critical thinking skills.



## Introduction

- Mixed-practice pages include a variety of math concepts on one workbook page. This challenges students to think through each problem rather than rely on a predictable format.


## Assessment

- The "Take a Test Drive" pages provide practice using a test-taking format such as those included in national standardized and proficiency tests.
- The tracking sheet provides a place to record the number of right answers scored on each activity page. Use this as a motivational tool for students to strive for 100\% accuracy.


## Answer Key

- Answers for each page are provided at the back of the books to make checking answers quick and easy.


Name $\qquad$

## Word Names and Standard Numerals

1

*) Use this chart to help you write and read large numbers. Large numbers are arranged into groups of 3 places separated by commas. This number is read as "two million, five hundred seventy-eight thousand, two hundred seventy-two."

Write these numbers in word form.
(1) $5,093,185$ $\qquad$
(2) 7,431,050 $\qquad$
(3) 4,830,004 $\qquad$
*) A place value chart is also useful in reading and writing decimals. How do we read 3.041? This number is read as "three and forty-one thousandths."


Write these decimals in word form.
(4) 0.023 $\qquad$
(5) 3.59 $\qquad$
(6) 2.607 $\qquad$
$21 / 5$ is the same as two and one-fifth. Write these fractions in word form.
(7) $43 / 8$ $\qquad$
(8) $21 / 6$ $\qquad$
(9) $12 / 13$ $\qquad$

Name $\qquad$

## Standard Form and Expanded Form

## 2


$8,750,300$ is a number expressed in standard form. In expanded form, this number is written as $(8 \times 1,000,000)+(7 \times 100,000)+(5 \times 10,000)+(3 \times 100)$.
0.093 is read as "ninety-three thousandths." In expanded form, this decimal is written as $(9 \times 0.01)+(3 \times 0.001)$.

| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\substack{\text { ¢ }}}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 9 | 3 |

Write each number in expanded form.
(1) $2,305,467$
(2) 10.49 $\qquad$
(3) $5,413.2$ $\qquad$
4) 0.054 $\qquad$

Write each number in standard form.

5 $7,000,000+80,000+5,000+600+20+9$
(6) $4,000+700+8+0.4$ $\qquad$
(7) 8 thousand, fifty, and 9 hundredths $\qquad$
8 forty-seven thousandths $\qquad$

9 Write a decimal in standard and expanded form for a number that has a 2 in the tenths place, an 8 in the thousandths place, and a 6 in the hundredths place.

Name $\qquad$

## Compare and Order

9
A number line can be used to compare decimals.


Since 95.73 is to the right of 95.57 , you know that 95.73 is the higher number.

The Smith family home was on $2 / 3$ of an acre of land, while the Gonzalez home was on $3 / 4$ of an acre of land. Which family had the larger property?


Looking at the fraction bar, you can see that $3 / 4$ is more than $2 / 3$, so the Gonzalez family had a larger property than the Smith family.

Use the fraction bar to solve the problem.
(1) Elephants use their trunks to lift heavy objects. One elephant might lift a log weighing $3 / 10$ of a ton. Another elephant could lift a rock weighing $1 / 5$ of a ton. Does the log or the rock weigh more? Explain your answer.


Name $\qquad$

## Compare and Order

4
When comparing decimals, line up the decimal points, and look for the first place where the digits are different. If there are whole numbers, start to the left of the decimal point.
$0.012 \bigcirc 0.014$ Since the tenths and hundredths places are the same, compare the thousandths place. Since 4 is larger than $2,0.012<0.014$.

* When comparing fractions, find the least common denominator of each fraction. Then compare the numerators. $2 \bigcirc 1 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 4 \quad 1 \times 3$ Since 4 is greater than $3,4 / 6$ is greater than $3 / 6$. $\frac{2}{3} \bigcirc \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{2}=\frac{4}{6} \quad \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{3}=\frac{3}{6} \begin{aligned} & \text { Since } 4 \text { is } \frac{2}{3}>\frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$
When you compare percents, follow the same steps as when you compare whole numbers. The larger the number, the greater the percent.

Order these numbers from least to greatest.

1) $2.098,3.089,2.980,2.908$ $\qquad$
(2) $0.013,0.301,0.103,0.031$ $\qquad$
(3) $0.871,0.187,0.781,0.817$ $\qquad$

Use the symbols < and > to compare these fractions.
4

$\frac{4}{9} \bigcirc \frac{3}{8}$
$\frac{2}{3} \bigcirc \frac{3}{4}$

Circle the greater percent in each pair.
5 $48 \% 84 \%$
63\% 36\%
49\% 92\%
(6) $55 \% ~ 45 \%$

90\% 99\%
10\% 100\%

