Daily Reading Activities

SPRINGMarch - April - May

REM 1125C

WRITTEN BY: Jack Kabakoff

EDITED BY: Sue LaRoy, Marcella Acosta

GRAPHIC DESIGN AND LAYOUT BY: Ron Wolf

COVER DESIGN BY: Steve Ruttner

A TEACHING RESOURCE FROM



©2008

Copyright by Remedia Publications, Inc. All Rights Reserved. Printed in the U.S.A.

The purchase of this product entitles the individual teacher to reproduce copies for classroom use. The reproduction of any part for an entire school or school system is strictly prohibited.

To find Remedia products in a store near you, visit: www.rempub.com/stores

Remedia Publications, Inc.
15887 North 76¹¹¹ Street • Suite 120 • Scottsdale, AZ • 85260



This product utilizes innovative strategies and proven methods to improve student learning. The product is based upon reliable research and effective practices that have been replicated in classrooms across the United States. Information regarding the research basis is provided on our website at www.rempub.com/research

Introduction & Table of Contents

This book features high-interest, "on this date in history" stories for the months of **March**, **April**, and **May**. There is an historical nonfiction short story for each day of each month. The stories were written at an approximate reading level of grades 3-4. In some cases, proper names of people, places, and events, as well as other necessary descriptive vocabulary, may drive the reading level up a bit. The interest level is aimed at students in grades 5 and up who may not be reading at grade level.

The topics chosen are not necessarily the most important thing to have happened on a particular date. The variety of people, places, and events highlighted in each story were chosen to appeal to a wide range of interests. Students will learn interesting historical facts while improving their reading and comprehension skills.

Each story is followed by 8 skill-specific comprehension questions. Question formats include multiple-choice, fill-in-the-blank, and writing complete sentences. Skills focus on: main idea, facts, locating the answer, vocabulary, sequence, comparison, cause and effect, fact or opinion, conclusion, and inference.

Title	Page	Title	Page	Title	Page
Yellowstone National Pa	rk1	April Fools' Day	63	U-2 Affair	123
The Man Behind Dr. Seuss3		First United States Mint	65	65 Stonewall Jackson	
National Anthem5		Death Of An Outlaw	67	World's Columbian Exposition 127	
Knute Rockne	7	Dr. King Assassinated	69	Alcatraz	129
Voyager 1	9	Booker T. Washington	71	Nellie Bly	131
Fall Of The Alamo	11	First Modern Olympics	73	Hindenburg Disaster	133
Luther Burbank	13	Counting People	75	Edwin Land	135
First Ironclad Ships	15	Discovery Of Florida	77	Harry S. Truman	137
George Burns	17	The Civil War Ends	79	First American Newspaper C	Cartoon 139
Salvation Army	19	Joseph Pulitzer	81	The Golden Spike	141
Johnny Appleseed Day.	21	Apollo 13	83	Irving Berlin	143
Janet Reno	23	Stopping Polio	85	Hurricane Names	145
National Nickname	25	Scrabble	87	Jamestown	147
Cotton Gin	27	The Donner Party	89	Birth And Death Of Skyl	ab149
Maine	29	Income Tax Day	91	L. Frank Baum	151
West Point	31	Wilbur Wright	93	Academy Awards	153
St. Patrick's Day	33	Bay Of Pigs	95	Kentucky Derby	155
Bonnie Blair	35	Paul Revere	97	Mount St. Helens	157
Swallow Day	37	First American Automob	ile99	Jumping Frog Jubilee	159
Harriet Beecher Stowe	39	Holland Smith	101	Dolley Madison	161
Future Birth Of Captain	Kirk 41	Samuel L. Clemens	103	Clara Barton	163
First Indian Treaty	43	Oklahoma Land Rush	105	First Transatlantic Steamship C	Crossing 165
Lewis And Clark Expedit	tion45	James Buchanan	107	Captain Kidd	167
Exploring The Grand Ca	nyon 47	The Old Farmer's Almar	nac 109	New Amsterdam/New Y	ork 169
The Biggest Sculpture	49	United Nations	111	Discovering America	171
Vietnam Veterans Memo	orial51	Frederick Law Olmstead	l 113	Sally Ride	173
Alaska Earthquake	53	Samuel Morse	115	Wild Bill Hickok	175
Three Mile Island	55	Maryland	117	Jim Thorpe	177
Coca-Cola	57	The Zipper	119	Patrick Henry	179
Buying Alaska	59	Casey Jones	121	Memorial Day	181
Virgin Islands	61			Johnstown Flood	183
Dil Dil Arrivo Co		::		l e b	li billi d



March 1

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK

National parks are large areas of scenic land owned by the United States government. The land is protected. This means that it cannot be used for anything except as a park which visitors can enjoy.

There are 53 national parks in the United States. On March 1, 1872, Yellowstone was established as the first U.S. National Park. It is the largest of all the parks. It is mainly in northwestern Wyoming and slightly overlaps into Montana and Idaho. It is about 62 miles long and 54 miles wide.

There are more geysers in Yellowstone than in all the rest of the world. Old Faithful is a famous geyser in the park. It got its name because it regularly shoots up hot water and steam about every 67 minutes.

There are pools of bubbling mud at Yellowstone. They are caused by steam below the ground surface. The steam pushes up on the mud, causing it to boil or bubble. Minerals in the mud make the pools different shades of orange, brown, and yellow.

A large, deep canyon contains a waterfall that is 300 feet high. There are fossil forests with petrified tree trunks. Mountains, rivers, and lakes cover parts of the park.

Yellowstone is a great wild animal refuge. Protected herds of elk, moose, deer, antelope, and buffalo live there. Bears are there, as well as many kinds of birds.

Millions of people visit Yellowstone National Park every year to hike, camp, and enjoy the unusual sights. Because it is a national park, it will always remain a natural scenic wonderland.

Main Idea

- 1. This story mainly tells
 - (a) about Old Faithful.
 - **b** about the names of different national parks.
 - © about the landmarks and wildlife in Yellowstone.

Facts

- 2. What three states is Yellowstone found in?
- 3. What makes the mud different colors?
- 4. Name the famous geyser in Yellowstone.

Locating the Answer

5. Write the sentence that tells what national parks are.

Vocabulary

- 6. What does the word **refuge** mean?
 - (a) "a place that is warm"
 - (b) "a place that gives life"
 - © "a place that gives shelter"

Cause and Effect

- 7. What causes pools of bubbling mud to form?
 - (a) Rain that mixes with hot dirt.
 - ⓑ Steam under the ground that pushes up on mud.
 - © Water from Old Faithful that mixes with dirt.

Conclusion

- 8. From this story, you can tell that
 - (a) Yellowstone National Park is a place full of life.
 - **(b)** Yellowstone National Park will close soon.
 - © Yellowstone National Park is a hard place to find.

1