## Table of Contents

$\qquad$
Introduction
4

Getting Started
.5
RHYMING WORDS
One－Syllable Rhyming Words．．．．． 7
Two－Syllable Rhyming Words ．．．．． 12

## WORD FAMILIES

$\{$ Basic Word Families17

Short Vowel Word Families ．．．．．．． 22

Long Vowel Word Families． 27

Advanced Word Families

.32

HIGH FREQUENCY WORDS


Spelling 1
.37
全合 Spelling 2 .42
GRAMMAR
（是）Common Nouns ..... 47
（riccty Proper Nouns ..... 52
Action Verbs ..... 57
Verb Tenses ..... 62
Adjectives 1 ..... 67
Fon Adjectives 2 ..... 72
VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT
$\%$Basic Vocabulary Development77
Advanced Vocabulary
Development ..... 82
SYNONYMS
$\sqrt{3} 23$ Nouns ..... 87
5 Verbs ..... 92
Adjectives ..... 97
Mixed Practice ..... 102
ANTONYMS
 107
cond Verbs ..... 112
(i.j뭉 ..... 117ANALOGIES
Basic Analogies. ..... 127
Advanced Analogies ..... 132
CONTRACTIONS
Identify the Contraction ..... 137
Identify the Words for Each Contraction ..... 142
COMPOUND WORDS
$\cdots$ ( ..... 147
Compound Words 2 . ..... 152
Answer Key ..... 197

## Introduction

## I HAVE, WHO HAS? ${ }_{\text {bsositiso }}$

 books that provides reinforcement for essential academic skills through group activities. These activities consist of game cards that students read and interactively answer. Each game also features an active listening enrichment activity. This component gives students additional practice in active listening and extends their learning to the application level.I Have, Who Has? Language Arts 1-2 provides a fun, interactive way for students to practice various language arts skills. It includes 38 card games that will help improve students' auditory discrimination and reinforce standards-based language skills. The skills addressed in this resource include the following:

- Rhyming Words
- Antonyms
- Word Families
- Analogies
- High Frequency Words
- Contractions
- Nouns
- Compound Words
- Verbs
- Adjectives
- Vocabulary Development
- Synonyms
- Singular and Plural
- Main Idea
- Categorization
- Cause and Effect

The ease and simplicity of preparing these games for your class will allow you to begin using I Have, Who Has? today! These engaging games are sure to keep students involved as they are learning valuable language arts skills.


## ORGANIZATION

Each card game consists of 32 question and answer cards. The cards are arranged in columns (top to bottom) in the order they will be read by the class. A reproducible active listening enrichment page follows every set of game cards. Play the interactive card games alone or in conjunction with this reproducible page to reinforce children's active listening, increase active participation, provide enrichment, and extend the learning and accountability of each child.

Getting Started

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR I HAVE, WHO HAS GAME CARDS

Photocopy two sets of the game cards. Keep one copy as your reference to the correct order of questions and answers.

Cut apart the second set of game cards. Mix up the cards and pass them out to the children. Every child should have at least one card. Depending on your class size, children may have more than one card.

Have the student with the first card begin the game by saying I have the first card. Who has...? As each student reads a card, monitor your copy to make sure children are reading the cards in the correct order. If children correctly matched each card, then the last card read will "loop"
 back to the first card and read I have... Who has the first card?

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR ACTIVE LISTENING ENRICHMENT PAGE

Copy one page for each child or pair of children.
Make sure each child has a light-colored crayon or highlighter (not a marker or pencil) to color over the correct boxes as they are read. Provide time for children to lightly color or highlight the correct box.

Some of the activity pages contain a riddle. After the last card is read, ask children to uncover the hidden text (e.g., riddle, proverb) by reading the text in all of the boxes they did not color or highlight. Have them read from top to bottom and from left to right on the grid. Then, have them answer the extension questions at the bottom of the page. Use the answer key on pages 197-203 to check children's answers.

## WHAT TO OBSERVE

Children who have difficulty locating the correct boxes on the active listening enrichment page once familiarity with the format has been established may have difficulties with visual discrimination.

Children who have difficulty reading their cards at the correct time may have difficulties with attention, hearing, active listening, or the concepts being reinforced.

## VARIATIONS

(To be played without the active listening enrichment page)

## Timed Version

Have children play the game twice. Encourage them to beat their time in the second round. Have children play the same game again the next day. Can they beat their time again? Remember to mix up the cards before distributing them for each new game.

## Small Groups

Give each group a set of game cards. Encourage groups to pay close attention, read quickly, and stay on task to determine which group is the fastest. Playing in smaller groups allows children to have more cards. This raises the opportunities for individual accountability, active participation, time on task, and reinforcement per child.

## Card Reduction

If your class is not ready to play with multiple cards, you can reduce the number to fit your class needs. Photocopy the set of the game cards you want to play. Determine the appropriate number of cards needed. Following the existing order of the game, begin with the first card and count the number of cards you need. Delete the Who has...? clue from the last card counted and replace with the sentence Who has the first card? Photocopy and cut apart the revised game for class play.

# One-Syllable Rhyming Words 

I have the first card.

Who has the word that rhymes with hat?

I have stop.
Who has the word that rhymes with see?

I have free.

Who has the word that rhymes with red?

I have bed.

Who has the word that rhymes with big?

I have pig.
Who has the word that rhymes with day?

## One-§yllable Rhyming Words

I have play.
Who has the word that rhymes with hot?

I have hug.
Who has the word that rhymes with pin?

I have chin.
Who has the word that rhymes with man?

I have ran.

Who has the word that rhymes with best?

I have rest.

Who has the word that rhymes with rock?

# One-Syllable Rhyming Words 

I have sock.

O

Who has the word that rhymes with make?

I have take.

Who has the word that rhymes with duck?

I have glad.

Who has the word that rhymes with mail?

I have tail.

Who has the word that rhymes with call?

I have fall.

Who has the word that rhymes with tap?

I have map.
Who has the word that rhymes with dark?

## One-§yllable Rhyming Words

I have park.

Who has the word that rhymes with part?

I have smart.

Who has the word that rhymes with heat?

I have seal.

Who has the word that rhymes with feed?

I have seed.

Who has the word that rhymes with time?

I have dime.

Who has the word that rhymes with send?

I have treat.

Who has the word that rhymes with save?

Name Date $\qquad$

## One－Syllable Rhyming Words

I Follow the path by coloring the words as your classmates name them．

| ＊Start | bat | stop | free | bed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ball | trunk | fun | play | pig |
| fall | tail | glad | not | sack |
| map | snake | race | she | sing |
| park | smart | luck | take | hug |
| gave | treat | sled | sock | chin |
| seal | log | ＊Finish | rest | ran |
| seed | dime | bend | hug | cat |

II Write four words that are not colored in the table．Write a rhyme for each．

1. $\qquad$ rhymes with $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$ rhymes with $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ rhymes with $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$ rhymes with $\qquad$
